

*Unseen Realm*, ch 10...

Eden was the divine abode and, therefore, the place that Yahweh held council meetings. Here are some of the terms and verses associated with Eden we briefly noted in an earlier chapter. I've added the Hebrew words behind the English.

Hebrew Term	English Meaning	Concept	Important Verses
<i>elim, elohim</i> (plural)	“gods”	council members	<a href="#">Gen 3:5, 22</a>
<i>gan</i>	“garden”	Divine abode, council meeting place	<a href="#">Gen 2:8–10, 15–16</a> <a href="#">Gen 3:1–3, 8, 10, 23–24</a>
<i>'ed</i> <i>nahar</i> <i>yamim</i>	“(watery) mist” “river” “seas, waters”	description of the well-watered garden of the council	<a href="#">Gen 2:6, 10–14; Ezek 28:2</a>
<i>har</i>	“mount, mountain”	mountain range where divine council met	<a href="#">Ezek 28:13</a>
<i>moshab elohim</i>	“seat of the gods” (place of governing authority)	the divine assembly	<a href="#">Ezek 28:2</a>

*Unseen Realm*, Ch 11

The table below expands on the one we began in the previous chapter. As we move forward, I'll add terms and verses to those from [Ezekiel 28](#). I'll focus on divine council connections between that chapter and [Isaiah 14](#) and [Genesis 3](#), but will include references from elsewhere when appropriate.

THE DIVINE COUNCIL CONTEXT			
Hebrew Term	English Meaning	Concept	Important Verses
<i>elim, elohim</i> (plural)	“gods”	council members	<a href="#">Gen 3:5, 22</a> ; <a href="#">Psa 82:1, 6</a> ; <a href="#">Ezek 28:2</a>
<i>beney elim</i>	“sons of God”	council members	<a href="#">Job 38:7</a> ; <a href="#">Pss 29:1</a> ; <a href="#">89:6</a> ;
<i>beney elohim</i>	“morning stars”		<a href="#">Isa 14:13</a> ;
<i>kokebey boqer</i>	“stars of God”	shining appearance	<a href="#">Ezek 28:13</a> (gems)
<i>kokebey el</i>	“shining one, son of the dawn”		
<i>helel ben-shachar</i>			
<i>gan</i>	“garden”	divine abode, council meeting place	<a href="#">Gen 2:8–10, 15–16</a> <a href="#">Gen 3:1–3, 8, 10, 23–24</a> <a href="#">Ezek 28:13</a>
<i>'ed</i>	“(watery) mist”	description of the well-watered garden of the council	<a href="#">Gen 2:6, 10–14</a> (Zion);
<i>nahar</i>	“river”		<a href="#">Ezek 47:1–12</a> (Jerusalem temple; cf. <a href="#">Zech 14:8</a> );
<i>yamim</i>	“seas, waters”		<a href="#">Ezek 28:2</a>
<i>tsaphon</i>	“north”	mountain range where divine council met	<a href="#">Psa 48:1–2</a> (Jerusalem temple; cf. <a href="#">Ezek 40:2</a> ); <a href="#">Isa 14:13–14</a>
<i>yarketey tsaphon</i>	“heights of the north”		
<i>bamot</i>	“heights”		
<i>har</i>	“mount, mountain”	mountain range where divine council met	<a href="#">Exod 24:15</a> (Sinai; cf. <a href="#">Psa 68:15–17</a> ; <a href="#">Deut 33:1–2</a> ); <a href="#">Isa 14:13</a> ; <a href="#">27:13</a> (Zion); <a href="#">Ezek 47:1–12</a> (Jerusalem temple)
<i>adat</i>	“assembly”	the divine assembly	<a href="#">Pss 82:1</a> ; <a href="#">89:7</a> ; <a href="#">Isa 14:13</a> ;
<i>sod</i>	“council”		<a href="#">Ezek 28:2</a>
<i>mo'ed</i>	“meeting”		
<i>moshab</i>	“seat” (governing)		